

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/784,254	02/16/2001	Soichi Furuya	520.39632X00	6139
20457 7	7590 09/09/2004		EXAMINER	
ANTONELLI, TERRY, STOUT & KRAUS, LLP			TRAN, ELLEN C	
1300 NORTH SUITE 1800	1300 NORTH SEVENTEENTH STREET SUITE 1800 ARLINGTON, VA 22209-9889			PAPER NUMBER
ARLINGTON				(-
	•		DATE MAILED: 09/09/2004	ر ,

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/784,254	FURUYA ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Ellen C Tran	2134
The MAILING DATE of this communicat Period for Reply	ion appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) da - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutor. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	TION. 7 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may ation. ys, a reply within the statutory minimum of the compact of the compac	a reply be timely filed nirty (30) days will be considered timely. DNTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed o	n 16 February 2001.	
, ,	☐ This action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for	itters, prosecution as to the merits is	
closed in accordance with the practice u	ınder <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) <u>1-8,13-20,25-32 and 37</u> is/are	pending in the application.	·
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are v	vithdrawn from consideration.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8,13-20,25-32 and 37</u> is/are	rejected.	
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the E	xaminer.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)	oxtimes accepted or b) $oxtimes$ objected to	by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection	• , ,	` '
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the	·	-,, ,
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by	the Examiner. Note the attach	ed Office Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents.	cuments have been received.	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the	he priority documents have bee	n received in this National Stage
application from the International	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
* See the attached detailed Office action for	or a list of the certified copies no	ot received.
Attachment(s)		NORMAN MAVRIGHT PRIMARY EXAMINER
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-B) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTC	0/SB/08) 5) Notice o	o(s)/Mail Date f Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>4</u> .	6)	·

Art Unit: 2134

DETAILED ACTION

This action is responsive to communication: original application filed
 February 2001, with acknowledgement of foreign application date of 09 March 2000.

- 2. Acknowledgement of Pre-Amendment filed 28 March 2001, claims 9-12, 21-24, and 33-36 are withdrawn.
- 3. Claims 1-8, 13-20, 25-32, and 37 are currently pending in this application. Claims 1, 13, 25, and 37 are independent claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1-8, 13-20, 25-32, and 37are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Djakovic U.S. Patent No. 6,351,539 (hereinafter '539) in further view of Coppersmith et al. U.S. Patent No. 6,189,095 (hereinafter '095).

As to independent claim 1, "A symmetric-key encryption method comprising the steps of: dividing plaintext composed of redundancy data" is taught in '539 col. 2, lines 9-19 "This invention solves these and other problems by providing a combination block ciper with an effective key length greater than that of its components ... a one-time pad in the form of a

(A)

Art Unit: 2134

random data stream is combined with an encrypted form of the input stream before it is encrypted by the second block cipher"

"generating a random number sequence based on a secret key; generating a random number block corresponding to one of said plurality of plaintext blocks from said random number sequence" is shown in '539, col. 2, lines 19-26 "In one aspect, this invention is an encryption device which has a random number generator and three block cipher mechanisms ... An exclusive-or mechanism takes as input the first enciphered output from the first block cipher and output of the random number generator and produces a combined output";

"outputting a feedback value obtained as a result of operation on said one of the plurality of plaintext blocks and said random number block, said feedback value being fed back to another one of the plurality of plaintext blocks; and performing an encryption operation using said one of the plurality of plaintext blocks, said random number block, and a feedback value obtained as a result of operation on still another one of the plurality of plaintext blocks to produce a ciphertext block" is disclosed in '539 col. 2, lines 26-36 "The second block cipher mechanism takes as input the output of the exclusive-or mechanism and produces a second enciphered output based on the output of exclusive-or mechanism and on a second key";

the following is not taught in '539 however '095 teaches

"and a message to generate a plurality of plaintext blocks each having a predetermined length" in col. 5, lines 52-67 "A further object of the present invention is to

Art Unit: 2134

provide a technique whereby the cipher uses a variable number of stages (and therefore rounds) of processing during encryption"

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the teachings of '539 that shown a cipher mixer with a random number generator to include the capability to divide the message or data into a plurality of blocks. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to perform such a modification to increase the difficulty of decoding private information transmitted. As indicated by '095 (see col. 3, lines 65 et seq.) "In view of the above, a stronger, more flexible cipher is needed. One way to make a cipher stronger is to increase the number of rounds of ciphering performed: with each successive transformation, the resulting encryption becomes more difficult to break".

As to dependent claim 2, "wherein said encryption operation uses one or more said random number blocks whose total length is longer than a length of said ciphertext block" is taught in '539, col. 2, lines 50-52 "The effective key length is the sum of key lengths used in BC1 and BC2 (256 in the preferred scheme).".

As to dependent claim 3, "wherein said plaintext further includes secret data of a predetermined length" is shown in '539 col. 4, lines 1-3 "In the operation, a plaintext input stream P is input to block cipher BC1 18 which operates on it (in encrypting mode) using the 128-bit key K1 to produce a sequence" (i.e. "plaintext same as "input stream"/ "secret data of predetermine length" same as "128 bit key")

As to dependent claim 4, "wherein said encryption operation performs a binomial operation or a monomial operation using one of said plurality of plaintext blocks one or more times according to a predetermined procedure, combines a plurality of obtained

Art Unit: 2134

ciphertext blocks, and outputs the combined plurality of ciphertext blocks as ciphertext" is disclosed in '539 col. 4, lines 14-25 "The sequence SR of random numbers produced by the RNG 14 is also input to block ciper BC3 22 which uses the 256-bit key K3 (in encrypting mode) to produce and encciptered random sequence of 64-bit values (denoted SER=BC3(SR, K3))."

As to dependent claim 5, "wherein said encryption operation includes multiplication and addition in a finite field" is taught in '539 col. 4, lines 14-25 "The sequence SR of random numbers produced by the RNG 14 is also input to block ciper BC3 22 which uses the 256-bit key K3 (in encrypting mode) to produce and enciphered random sequence of 64-bit values (denoted SER=BC3(SR, K3))."

As to dependent claim 6, "wherein said encryption operation includes a combination of a cyclic shift operation and arithmetic multiplication" is shown in '539 col. 4, lines 45-55 "That is, the plaintext is produced by BC1 (S1, K1). The output of the decryptor mechanism 26 can be denoted: ... where the input stream to the decryptor mechanism 26 is a combination of the two sequences SER and S3, and where SER and S3 can be extracted from the input stream".

As to dependent claim 7, "wherein said symmetric-key encryption method employs a pseudorandom-number generating means for generating said random number sequence based on said secret key" is disclosed in '095 col. 6, lines 29-38 "To achieve the foregoing objects, and in accordance with the purpose of the invention a broadly described herein, the present invention provides a technique, system and method for implement a symmetric key block cipher supporting a variable number of stages, variable length input key, a variable length block, and a variable number of rounds, and the rounds have a plurality of subrounds comprising: a

Art Unit: 2134

subprocess for generating a plurality of subkeys using the input key and a first pseudorandom function".

As to dependent claim 8, "further comprising steps of: dividing said message into a plurality of message blocks; generating a number of random number sequences equal to the number of said plurality of message blocks using said pseudorandom-number generating means; and" is taught in '095 col. 11, lines 1-25 "In the preferred embodiment, key setup is performed by filling the expanded key array with values generated using iterated pseudorandom functions that use a counter, I, and the input key K as parameters, as specified following pseudo-code:";

"performing parallel processing by assigning said plurality of message blocks" is shown in '095 col. 7, lines 60-67 "FIG. 2 illustrates a data processing network 40 in which the present invention may be practiced. The data processing network 40 includes a plurality of individual networks, including LANs 42 and 44, each of which includes a plurality of individual workstations 10. Alternatively as those skilled in the art will appreciate, a LAN my comprise a plurality of intelligent workstation coupled to a host processor"

"to one operation unit and assigning said number of random number sequences to another operation unit" is disclosed I '095 col. 17, lines 13-30 "The equations for the subrounds have been present generally in numerical order of the data word affected for that subround, except where the feedback operations required a different order. The order in which the operations are depicted in FIG. 4 does not correspond exactly to the order of the equations: for drawing convenience, FIG. 4 sometimes shows the operations in a different order so that the 3 output lines of the expansion box (shown as arrows leaving the square box) do not cross each

Art Unit: 2134

other. Because the 3 subrounds which use the expansion box outputs are independent of each other, the order of these subrounds is irrelevant".

As to independent claim 13, this claim is directed to the apparatus of the method of claim 1, and therefore is rejected under the same rationale.

As to independent claim 25, this claim is directed to a medium storing a program of the method of claim 1, and therefore is rejected under the same rationale.

As to independent claim 37, this claim is directed the program product of the method of claim 1, and therefore is rejected under the same rationale.

As to dependent claims 14-20 and 26-32, these claims contain substantially similar subject matter as claims 2-8 and are rejected along the same rationale.

Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Ober et al.

U.S. Patent No. 6,708,73

issued 03/16/2004

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ellen C Tran whose telephone number is (703) 305-8917. "After 26 October 2004, the examiner can be reach at (571) 272-3842". The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30 am to 3:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gregory A Morse can be reached on (703) 308-4789. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Art Unit: 2134

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Ellen Tran Patent Examiner Technology Center 2134 1 September 2004 NORMAN M. WRIGHT PRIMARY EXAMINER